



PREPARING FOR THE BENEFIT RECITAL

Tickets for the benefit recital to be given at the Tabernacle on the evening of May 2 were distributed among the students of the Weber academy yesterday morning and a big effort will be made to fill the Tabernacle on that occasion.

Tonight the Tabernacle choir will use the entire time of rehearsal in preparation on the choruses to be sung at the recital, and that the affair will be a memorable one is beyond doubt. A representative of the choir will meet with Prof. McClellan and Wolfe at their Salt Lake studio tomorrow to arrange the full program, which will be announced in the near future. It is expected that the noted organist and violinist will each furnish four or more members which will equal those to be given by the choir.

AUTOPSY FAILS TO DISCLOSE POISON

Following the autopsy performed upon the body of George Burton, who was found dead in bed at the Idaho rooming house yesterday morning, Dr. A. A. Robinson has been conducting examinations for traces of poison in the contents of the stomach. Although preliminary tests revealed nothing of a suspicious character, the physician stated that the circumstances of the death are so strange that a careful analysis will be made.

From the appearance of the body on the bed, Dr. Robinson believes that the young man must have been taken with convulsions before he was placed on the bed for the coverings were not disarranged. Convulsions, he stated, are common before death due to alcoholic poisoning and that, if there were no struggles, then there

is a possibility that chloral or some similar drug caused his death. The police have been unable to throw much light on the subject by their investigations as their knowledge is limited to what was disclosed yesterday.

If the investigations of the physician show that poison, other than alcohol was the cause of death, an inquest will be held.

Young Burton was the nephew of Mrs. J. Clark, Mrs. Martha A. Porter and W. W. Burton. He was a member of the local machinists' union in good standing and the local order will probably take charge of the funeral arrangements.

STORM ON THE LAKE CAUSES WASHOUT

Wind and waves caused great damage to the Western Pacific tracks across the south end of the Great Salt Lake early yesterday and traffic was delayed for hours.

The lake calmed down, however, and yesterday afternoon the damage done by the water had been repaired and trains were running regularly over the tracks.

Crews of men were put to work on the track when the trouble began late Tuesday night. The men worked all day and when a fresh crew appeared in the morning the workers looked like salted mackerel. The salt spray had soaked them from head to foot and then dried on their clothing.

WILLIAM M'KAY FOUND GUILTY

William McKay was found guilty as charged in the breach of promise suit instituted by Sarah Heartburn and the plaintiff was awarded the sum of 10 cents as damages to her wounded heart. The decision was reached by a jury composed of J. M. Taylor, Luke Raghavan, Gus Clarke, Thomas Farr, James Silverthorn, Andrew Martin, Andrew Kerr and Albert Bell.

The trial was held in the Fourth ward amusement hall last night and the sensational nature of the case attracted a full court room. Judge Jack Davis occupied the bench and H. H. Goddard and Alva Hansen were the opposite attorneys.

FRENCH BUDGET. Paris, April 24.—The deficit in the French budget for 1913 will amount to \$40,000,000, while in 1914, in order to meet the additions to the national armaments, it will be necessary for the government to borrow \$200,000,000, according to a letter to the Matin by Senator Emile Almond, who has been appointed to draw up the report of the budget committee.

SOUTHERN UTAH BUYS IN OGDEN

Mrs. Benson of Parowan Finds This City a Better Place in Which to Make Purchases Than Salt Lake—Dry Farming in Iron County—Salt Water Lake to Be Converted into a Fresh Water Irrigation Reservoir.

Mrs. Gwendolyn Benson of Parowan spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Ogden buying goods for her father's store and also making purchases for her home in the Iron county metropolis. That Mrs. Benson is a good buyer is shown by the fact that a number of her neighbors engaged her to make purchases for them in this city. She states that many of the people of Iron county, who buy at wholesale, prefer Ogdan to Salt Lake, claiming that they get better prices and better goods, but she is of the opinion that Ogdan dealers could obtain a larger volume of business from that section were they to do a little more boosting for Ogdan in southern Utah.

Rapid progress is being made in Iron county in dry farming and success has attended the efforts of the farmers in securing artesian water in the valley. A number of farms in the vicinity of Parowan and Paragonah are being watered by means of artesian wells sunk to a depth of from 80 to 200 feet. The subterranean supply in the valley is as great as that of the San Luis valley in Colorado and well-drilling is easy. A cluster of five wells, covering a diameter of 40 feet, furnishes 40 gallons of water a minute for each well through a two-inch pipe, the depth of the wells ranging from 75 to 150 feet.

Both Parowan and Paragonah have water systems and electric lights and the people are thrifty and well to do. Both north and west of the two towns a few miles apart are rich lands that are quite extensively dry farmed.

In the past fifteen years, land values there have increased from \$50 to \$125 an acre. There are irrigation projects there, the greatest being the reclamation of a large tract of land known as the Rush lake lands in Cedar valley, near Cedar city.

Little Salt Lake, which lies on the western border of Parowan valley will be turned into a reservoir, the salt waters of the lake first to be drawn away and the old lake bed filled with fresh water supplied by artesian wells and fresh lakes found in the mountains of Red Creek and Little Creek mountains east of Paragonah. The waters from the reservoir will be taken through what is known as "The Gap" in which are found interesting hieroglyphics of a prehistoric race of people who were farmers. The lake has an average width of three miles and it is seven miles long, the average depth of the water being about six feet and as salty as that of the Great Salt Lake. With little expense, the water will be carried through "The Gap" to the lands to the west of the low rolling range of mountains, and it is expected by the promoters, including Judge Joshua Greenwood, Attorney D. B. Houtz and Court Stenographer W. A. Cook, that, after the briny waters of the lake have been removed and the lake refilled with fresh water, the water will remain fresh, and can be used on farm lands. The Rush lake lands are among the richest in the mountain country.

Mrs. Benson declares that there is a great future for Iron county and that Parowan valley will become one of the most productive farm districts in Utah.

TOURISTS ARE TRESPASSERS ON RAILROAD PROPERTY

In view of the large number of fatalities resulting to trespassers on railroad property, the subject of diminishing that evil was taken up this afternoon in Salt Lake at the regular meeting of the Union Pacific "safety first" committee.

Nine local railroad men, members of the committee, went to Salt Lake at noon today. The Ogdan members are as follows:

Thomas Williamson, supervisor Ogdan Railway & Depot company; O. B. Chalmers, assistant superintendent of the Oregon Short Line; J. R. Williams, signal supervisor; Swan Olsen, general foreman of the shops; D. J. Malone, assistant superintendent of the Short Line; W. H. Chevers, local freight agent; R. A. Pierce, yardmaster, and E. W. Newcomb.

The report of the committee was heard by neighbors, Frank Meads, E. S. Ellis and H. L. Meads went to the house where Howes had been living alone and found him on the floor, still conscious. Lashed to the back of two chairs was the shotgun. On the floor lay a long stick, with which the suicide had pressed the trigger. Howes had been staying in the house of his brother-in-law, M. Beck, who is working in Tooele. Three notes were found on a table. One read:

"God bless you all. Tired of life. "ED."

That he was tired of life was the only explanation offered by the dying man, with his last breath.

The second note was a request that the news of his act be telephoned to Mrs. H. G. Irvine, his sister, living at Tooele. Both Mrs. Irvine and Mrs. Beck were notified last night by telephone from police headquarters.

The third note was in an envelope. On the envelope was written: "Please give this to Miss Ellen Cluff, in care of the Sweet Candy company, or telephone to Mrs. Hattie Cluff, Tooele only."

Ellen Cluff is the daughter of Mrs. Hattie Cluff of 2212 Walnut avenue, and Howes is said to have been in love with the young woman.

The police were notified of the suicide by A. Meads of 871 West Second North street, for whom Howes had been working for the past year as a mason tender. The young man was a native of England. He was always known for his cheerfulness. Since his brother-in-law and family had moved to Tooele recently Howes had lived in the house alone.

He was taken to the emergency hospital at police headquarters by Detective Gillespie, Mounted Patrolman Calton and Chauffeur Moore. An examination made by Dr. H. R. Sprague revealed that the wound was fatal. Entering the right side of the body just below the ribs, the charge of shot had ripped the liver and intestines. Miss Cluff was notified of Howes' actions last night.

HARRIED NOW. "Your face," said he, "I seem to know. Your name just now escapes me, though."

"And it's escaped me, too, somehow." The girl replied. "I'm married now."

—Judge.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

BURTON—Funeral services for Geo. Burton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W. Burton, who was found dead in the Idaho rooming house yesterday morning, will be held tomorrow at 2 o'clock from Larkin & Sons. The remains lie in state this evening and tomorrow until time of services. Interment in Ogdan city cemetery.

Expected Home—District Forester E. W. Sherman and wife, after spending some time at Washington, are now visiting New York, Boston and other eastern cities. They are expected home the early part of next week.

LEPER MAY COST SALT LAKE \$15,000

Salt Lake, April 24.—Unless some future solution is found to a problem which at present appears to have the Gordian knot piled into insignificance

E. R. Grable, the leper now at the isolation hospital, is going to cost Salt Lake county many thousands of dollars.

Grable has been at the isolation hospital under the surveillance of the city health authorities, but at the expense of the county, for nearly six weeks, and the authorities are no closer now than at the time of his apprehension to a solution of the problem of his disposal.

For every day the man is held at isolation hospital Salt Lake county must pay out \$2 for his keep. Should he live twenty years, and according to medical authorities there is no reason why the slow-moving disease should kill him sooner, the cost to the county would exceed \$15,000.

Soon after Grable was found to have the dread leprosy, Dr. Samuel G. Paul, city health commissioner, wrote to Dr. Rupert Blue, surgeon general at Washington, asking if there was not some government institution to which the doomed man might be sent. A reply to the letter was received recently, in which Dr. Blue said that at present the government has no place to which leprosy can be sent, though there is some talk of establishing a leper hospital at an isolated point on the western coast of America.

There is no way of disposing of Grable except by sending him to a leper hospital, according to the authorities, who have about given the puzzle up and are awaiting developments.

Many Years' Test of Eckman's Alternative

For several years a large number of voluntarily written testimonials from persons who recovered from Lung Trouble have been received by the makers of Eckman's Alternative, a remedy for the treatment of Throat and Lung Troubles. Surely plenty of time to demonstrate its lasting value. You can write to any of them for confirmation. Here is one:

5123 Grand Ave., Phila., Pa. "Gentlemen: In the winter of 1902 I had an attack of Grippe, followed by Pneumonia and later by Consumption. In the winter of 1904 I had cough, night sweats, fever and raised quantities of awful-looking stuff and later I had many hemorrhages; at one time three in three successive days. Milk and eggs became so distasteful I could keep nothing down. Three physicians treated me. I was ordered to the mountains, but did not go. Eckman's Alternative was recommended by a friend. After taking a small quantity I had the first quiet night's sleep for weeks. My improvement was marked from the first. I gained strength and weight and appetite. I never had another hemorrhage and my cough gradually lessened until entirely gone. I am perfectly well."

(Above abbreviated; more on request.)

Eckman's Alternative has been proven by many years' test to be most efficacious in cases of severe Throat and Lung Affections, Bronchitis, Bronchial Asthma, Stomach Colds and in upbuilding the system. Does not contain narcotics, poisons or habit-forming drugs. For sale by A. R. McIntyre, Budson's Pharmacy, T. H. Carr, Colley Drug Co., Marshall Drug Co., Cave Drug Co., and other leading druggists. Write the Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa., for booklet telling of recoveries and additional evidence. (Advt.)

WAGE INCREASE FOR THE FIREMEN

New York, April 23.—Railroad firemen are granted an increase in pay estimated at from 10 to 12 per cent by the award of the Erdman act arbitration board in their case, handed down tonight. Other claims of the firemen are allowed, but the demand for two firemen on large locomotives is denied, except in case of necessity.

Another request for which the firemen fought, the standardization of wages based on the weight of locomotives on drivers, was granted, although the award provides that all wages that were higher or conditions that were better than fixed in the award shall not be interfered with. This provision affects a number of railroads. The firemen also were relieved of the duty of cleaning engines.

The award is considered in the nature of a compromise, as the firemen asked an increase estimated in the neighborhood of 15 per cent. The total amount of wages paid the firemen, whose number about 35,000, is \$29,000,000, but that the increase from 10 to 12 per cent will cost the rail-

roads from \$2,900,000 to \$3,480,000 annually. The award is effective May 3, this date having been fixed in accordance with the provisions of the Erdman act, under which the board was appointed.

Judge William L. Chambers, chairman of the board, and his associates, Albert Phillips, vice president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, and W. W. Atterbury, third vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad, all declared that the award had been unanimous, although it was admitted there had been several points on which they had been unable to agree until almost the last moment.

May 2 is the day for a school election, to determine whether the board of education shall bond the city for \$75,000 to build a gymnasium which shall be used not only by the high school, but by the citizens as well. Considerable interest is being taken in the proposition and it is expected that a good percentage of the taxpayers will attend the election. Australian ballots will be used, each of which will simply announce the fact of the election and contain a blank place for the elector to vote "yes" or "no."

The polling lists are nearly completed by the county clerk, and it is stated by the deputies having the work in charge that there will be something like 4000 eligible voters. A voting place has been provided for each of the five wards, the exact location of each being given in another column of the Standard.

WORLD'S MARKETS

New York, April 24.—Uneasiness in foreign markets over the renewed tension in the European political situation was reflected today in heaviness of American stocks in London. The effect of this tendency on the home market was heightened by other considerations, and sentiment was thoroughly bearish. The substantial victory won by the eastern railway firemen, with its piling up of operating costs for the railroads and the prospect of further demands from other classes of employees, were instrumental in forcing down prices. The California situation also received considerable attention from bear traders. Selling was mainly professional, but numerous stocks of an investment character declined.

Bonds were heavy. The stock market opened under pressure today, virtually every issue traded in during the first few minutes showing a loss. New York Central dropped a point to 102; a new low figure. Canadian Pacific, Great Northern ore, Woolworth and Rumley preferred also lost a point.

Weakness became more marked and severe inroads were made on prices of investment shares as well as the active leaders. Northwestern, Illinois Central, Southern Railway preferred and New York Central established low records at prices one to two points below yesterday's close. Pressure was inspired by the award of the firemen's arbitration board, which calls for a heavy increase in railroad operating expenses.

With the completion of the active selling of the standards, trading fell into its recent rut. Prices, however, were inclined to go up. Prominent stocks rallied about a half of a point all around.

The market sagged again to near the lowest.

Liquidation of various high and low priced stocks deterred buyers. Canadian Pacific broke 14, Rumley lost 3 1/2 and the preferred 4 points. Heaviness of seasoned bonds, many of which made new low records, assisted in depressing sentiment.

Kansas City Livestock. Kansas City, April 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; market steady; native steers, 7.20@8.75; southern steers, 6.50@8.40; southern cows and heifers, 4.30@7.15; native cows and heifers, 4.20@8.50; stockers and feeders, 6.75@8.25; bulls, 5.95@7.40; calves, 6.00@9.50; western steers, 7.00@8.40; western cows, 4.50@7.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; market 5@10c higher; bulk, 8.55@8.75; heavy, 8.50@8.80; packers and butchers, 5.85@8.75; light, 8.60@8.80; pigs, 7.25@7.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; market 10@15c higher; muttons, 5.25@7.00; Colorado lambs, 7.75@8.50; range wethers and yearlings, 5.75@7.50; range ewes, 5.25@6.75.

Chicago Grain. Chicago, April 24.—Nervousness was displayed today by the wheat market. Firm cables were offset by the splendid domestic crop situation, but later there was manifest some

uneasiness over the increase in the complexity of the European political situation. The market opened, shaded to 14@13.8 lower for both May and July, the former at 92 1/2 to 94, the latter at 92 1/4. After slight depressions both reacted to opening figures.

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July corn opened 1.8 to 1.8 1/4 lower at 55 3/4@7.8 to 7.8 and eased off to 55 1/2@7.8.

July oats started 1.8 1/4 lower at 34 5/8 to 34 and held within that range.

Opening provision figures were 5@10c higher. July prices at first were: Pork, 19.72 1/2; lard, 10.90 to 10.97 1/2; ribs, 10.07 1/2.

Wheat—Prices advanced on Duluth reports of 650,000 bushels new export sales, but reacted on failure to confirm. The close was weak with May 3.8 off and 92 3/8@1.2, July same at 91 7/8@1.2.

Corn—Later an upturn followed improved eastern demand. The close was easy, however, with July 1.8 off at 55 7/8.

Sugar. New York, April 24.—Raw Sugar—Steady; muscovado, 2.86@2.88; centrifugal, 3.36@3.39; molasses, 2.61@2.64. Refined, quiet.

Omaha Livestock. Omaha, April 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,500; market lower; native steers, 7.60@8.75; cows and heifers, 6.00@8.10; western steers, 6.75@8.25; Tex steers, 6.00@7.75; cows and heifers, 5.00@7.85; calves, 7.75@9.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market lower; heavy, 8.40@8.50; light, 8.55@8.60; pigs, 7.50@8.25; bulk, 8.45@8.55.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market higher; yearlings, 7.25@7.65; wethers, 6.40@7.10; lambs, 8.30@8.90.

Chicago Livestock. Chicago, April 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; market generally 5c higher; bulk of sales, 8.70@8.80; light, 8.85@8.95; mixed, 8.55@8.90; rough, 8.40@8.55; pigs, 6.75@8.65.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; market weak; bulk, 7.50@9.30; Texas steers, 8.80@7.90; western, 7.00@8.10; stockers and feeders, 6.20@8.10; cows and heifers, 3.90@8.40; calves, 6.00@8.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 18,000; market slow and weak; native, 6.00@7.35; western, 6.25@7.25; yearlings, 6.50@7.90; lambs, native, 6.60@8.90; western, 7.00@8.90.

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Jovial Jugglers
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The Boy Pianist and Girl Soprano.
GUERRO & CARMEN
Violin and Harp Artists.
FRED M. GRIFFITH
The Tricky Monologist
DAINTIE LE CARNDALL
The Girl on the Wire.
LILLIE ENGLISH and MARY OBRIAN
Songs.
THE GAUMONT WEEKLY.

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